

#### BACKPACKING AND FLY FISHING THE BECHLER #180814

Start: 8/30/2018 at 4:00 p.m. End: 9/3/2018 at 3:00 p.m. Location: Yellowstone Forever's Gardiner Offices 308 Park Street, Gardiner, MT 59030

Welcome to Yellowstone National Park. If you are a newcomer to the Yellowstone Forever Institute, you will be amazed at what awaits you during each day of exploration. We are glad that you are able to join us on what is sure to be an unforgettable backcountry adventure. Our goal is to provide you with an enjoyable, high-quality educational experience and a safe and memorable visit to Yellowstone.

The following information is provided to help you prepare for your program. Please read it thoroughly and call us at 406.848.2400 or email <a href="mailto:contact@yellowstone.org">contact@yellowstone.org</a> if you have any questions. We recommend all first time visitors seek general park information through the National Park Service at 307.344.2107 or <a href="https://www.nps.gov/yell">www.nps.gov/yell</a>.

# Important Information Included in this Document:

- Letter from Your Instructor
- What's Included
- How to Prepare for this Program
- Suggested Reading
- Yellowstone Forever Park Store Information
- Yellowstone Forever Supporter Information
- Code of Ethics
- Cancellation Policy
- Travel Information
- Supplemental Lodging Information

#### From the Instructor

Backpacking, fly-fishing, waterfalls, and hot springs—does it get any better than that?

We look forward to having you along on this exciting adventure in one of the more remote regions of Yellowstone National Park. These cold and wild waters of the Bechler and its tributaries are home to rainbow trout along with the unique and beautiful Snake River fine-spotted cutthroat trout. Although these fish see much less fishing pressure than the more famed rivers of the park, they can still be a challenge for even the most experienced angler. Remember, their world includes a real food chain. Otters, bears, osprey and other predators make them wild and wary.

But that is only part of the fun. In addition to fishing, we will be hiking and having a truly insider's "Yellowstone" experience.



# **Program Itinerary**

Thursday, August 30 at 4:00 p.m. - Day One is a classroom day that begins at 4:00 p.m. at the Yellowstone Forever building across from the Roosevelt Arch in Gardiner, Montana. We'll spend the afternoon, after introductions, going over LNT (Leave No Trace ethics), safe camping and hiking in bear country, proper expedition behavior and ethics, maps and trail routes, fly fishing ethics, and equipment.

Please bring your equipment and packs to class on day one! We, the instructors, will review your gear to ensure you have everything necessary to make the most of our trip.

**Friday**, August 31, at **8:00 a.m. sharp** we will meet at the **Yellowstone Forever building**. There, we will drop off our cars and shuttle, via a Yellowstone Forever bus, to the Bechler trailhead. This is a bit of a drive so have snacks and water handy. "Pit stops" will be available but widely spaced.

At the trailhead we will gather ourselves and don our packs for four days of hiking, fishing, scenic wonders, waterfalls, and hot springs.

From the trailhead we spend the day making our way to our first camp. Along the way, expect unparalleled scenic beauty; it's going to be a full day. After setting up camp, we will rig up our fly rods and head down to the river for the evening hatch. As the light fades we will return to camp to share the adventure and sleep in the quiet peace of the Bechler wilderness.

**Saturday** we will hike in a few miles further to a new camp and spend the rest of the day fishing the renowned Bechler river. If you are tired of fishing shoulder-to-shoulder on the Lamar you will enjoy this true backcountry fishing experience. Improve your skills with your experienced professional casting and fishing instructor. See big fish in a truly wild environment. Challenge yourself to hooking the famed fish of the Bechler. And perhaps, find an unsuspecting trout that may not have ever seen an artificial fly.

**Sunday** we will be up early. After a quick breakfast we will don our light day packs and head to Dunanda falls. Don't forget your swim suit; you'll need it to soak there in natural hot springs. And the camera, you'll need that too for the remarkable beauty of the falls and surrounding area. By early afternoon we will have to be back on the trail for the return hike to camp.

**Monday** - Backpack return to the trailhead. Another full hiking day but if we can get an early start, we will stop for a mid-day fishing break.

NOTE: Please remember this all looks good on paper but there is a reason it is called wilderness. There are no guarantees that there won't be trail closures, abysmal weather, the occasional fire, and wildlife activity that might cause a modification of plans. So, along with your gear and your desire to fish in this fascinating area, bring an open mind and a flexible personality.



The combination of true wilderness, fishing, and adventure with new friends makes this an extraordinary way to see and learn about the park and its flora, fauna, and geology. We are both looking forward to seeing you this summer;

Steve Harvey and Patty Walton

The instructors can be contacted via e-mail (castingthefly@gmail.com and patty.walton831@gmail.com) to answer questions regarding this Field Seminar.

#### What's Included:

Your tuition includes daily outings and transportation during your program. It does not include transportation to the park, park entrance fees, meals, or lodging. Gratuities are not included in the price of programming. If you would like to recognize exceptional service by a Yellowstone Forever Institute staff member, tips are appreciated. Donations to support Yellowstone Forever educational programs are also appropriate and will be used to improve and expand opportunities for people to make deep connections to Yellowstone.

# **Continuing Education Credit**

Many of our Field Seminars are recognized by universities across the country. We are happy to provide a letter of completion and supporting documentation that you can submit to the institution of your choice to request approval for university credit or CEUs.

# **Lodging Option**

Yellowstone Forever Institute students in Field Seminars based out of Gardiner, Montana, may have the opportunity to stay in our comfortable lodging at the Yellowstone Overlook Field Campus for an additional charge. The Yellowstone Overlook features comfortable cabins on 80 acres, awe-inspiring views, and easy access to the northern section of the park. Cabins include self-serve kitchens for preparing meals and openfloor plans for group dining and evening activities. For more information please see the last page of this document. Feel free to call our contact center at 406.848.2400 to make your reservations today.

## How to Prepare for this Program:

#### How fit do you need to be?

This program is an activity level 4 and students enrolled in this program are expected to be active participants. Be prepared to hike up to 8 miles per day, at a brisk pace, comfortably, with climbs up to 1500 feet on dirt trails. Loose rocks, uneven footing, and off-trail hiking are possible. Good coordination is recommended. We recommend you begin an exercise program right away if you have not already done so. Participants residing at lower elevations may want to arrive a day early to adjust to the altitude. To learn more about how specific



medical conditions can be affected by Yellowstone's environment and our activities, please visit <a href="https://www.Yellowstone.org/experience/health-information/">www.Yellowstone.org/experience/health-information/</a>

# General Clothing and Equipment List

Much of your time will be spent outdoors and all programs are held rain, snow, or shine. You should be prepared for a variety of mountain weather conditions and temperatures. Appropriate clothing, equipment, and footwear are very important. Spring, summer, and fall temperatures can range from below freezing in the mornings to 85 degrees Fahrenheit in the afternoons. The layered use of garments for protection against the wind, sun, and temperature extremes should guide your clothing choices. Loose-fitting layers allow you to maintain a comfortable and dry body as outside temperatures change, and as your own body temperature and moisture output changes with different levels of exertion. Some colder-weather items may not be needed in July or August, but please keep in mind that Yellowstone's weather is unpredictable.

# PERSONAL EQUIPMENT CHECKLIST

Important information about each item of equipment is detailed on the following pages.

Personal Gear		Clothing- Lower Body
	*Tent	☐ Nylon shorts or pants
	*Backpack	□ Underwear
	Backpack rain cover (large garbage bag or	☐ Light- or mid-weight capilene or synthetic long
	internal pack liner)	underwear bottoms
	*Sleeping bag	☐ Rain pants (to fit over pants)
	*Sleeping pad (self-inflating or closed cell)	
	Headlamp	Head and hands
	Bear deterrent spray	☐ Sun hat or baseball cap
	Sunglasses	☐ Wool or synthetic stocking cap
	Sunscreen/lip screen	☐ Mosquito head net
	Toiletry bag: toothbrush and baking soda, baby wipes/wet wipes	☐ Gloves or mittens (wool or synthetic)
	Insect repellent	Footwear
	Hand Sanitizer: alcohol based hand cleaner	☐ Hiking boots
		☐ Camp shoes/water shoes
Clothing- Upper Body		☐ Socks (wool or synthetic) two to three
	Long-sleeve nylon travel shirt	pairs
	Light- or mid-weight capilene or other	□ Sock liners (optional)
	synthetic top	
	Synthetic jacket or down sweater/jacket	Cooking, Eating and Drinking
	Synthetic fill or down vest (optional)	☐ Stove/cooking system (may be shared)
	Rain/windproof jacket (to fit over synthetic	☐ Cooking gear (cup, spoon, and bowl)
	jacket or down jacket)	☐ Food storage bag



		ear-resistant food storage canister (for sses above tree-line)
П		dration reservoir and 1-liter bottle
		atter treatment tablets/iodine,/chlorine
		oxide (such as Aqua Mira and Katadyn)
	aro	Aide (Sueil as Fiqua Filla and Fauddyll)
Wa	aste	disposal
		Toilet paper
		Gallon-size zip-lock bag for trash
		Opaque bag (to hold and hide waste paper)
Ot	her	Items
		Wristwatch with an alarm
		Foot repair kit
		Tampons and zip-lock plastic bags for
		waste
		Medications
		Extra eye glasses
		Contact lenses and solutions
OI	otio	nal items to consider
		Camera
		Lightweight binoculars
		Notebook or journal
		"Crazy Creek" chair or pad
		Gaiters (depending on season)
		Trekking poles
Ple	ease	don't bring
		Cell phones
		Stereos or radios
		Perfumes and deodorants
		Large knives or hatchets
		-



# **Equipment Specific to this Class:**

Required:	
	Yellowstone National Park Fishing
	License valid for all days
	Copy of current regulations
	Fly rod - 5-6 wt recommended 4-7wt
	acceptable
	Fly Line - Double Taper or weight
	forward floating line matched to your
	rod
	Fly Reel - Capable of holding the
	complete fly line with adequate
	clearance for free spinning action.
	Your reel must have a functioning
	drag.
	Recommended <u>Barbless</u> Flies -
	suggested selection: *Royal Wulff
	(#12-16)f, *Elk hair caddis (#12-16);
	Dave's Hopper (#10-14); Ants &
	beetles (#14-16); Para-Adams; PMD;
	*Stimulators (royal/red/yellow);
	*Bead Head prince(#12-16);
	*Salmonfly(#4-6); golden stones; gray
	and/or green drake. Note: We should
	strive to use natural materials where
	possible. Foam and plastic do not
	degrade and contribute to watershed
	pollution.
	Fly box
	Floatant
	Forceps/hemostat
	Polarized sun glasses: single vision if
	correction is needed
	Reading or correction glasses for tying
	knots and close work
	Nippers (on retractor)
	Strike indicators - biodegradable
	Ketchum Release:
	https://www.waterworks-

<u>lamson.com/product/ketchum-</u>release/

□ Wading system:

- Important! Clean all wading equipment that has been used outside the Lamar/Yellowstone drainage. Follow this link for simple guidelines:
   http://www.rockymtnflycasters.org/articles/disinfect.ph
- I prefer to wet wade with neoprene wading socks, light wading shoes or boots and quick-drying synthetic pants.
- o Full waist or chest waders can be necessary for cool weather fishing (as it is so often apt to do in the park) but can be very heavy to pack on a long hike. unless the weather is forecast to be cold, I will not be using full waders.
- O Use your waders, boots or wading system several times prior to your visit to Yellowstone to ensure proper fit and comfort. We will be fishing for several hours each day in this gear and it is essential it is comfortable. (Honestly, walk around the house if that is your only option. Improper fit or comfort can spoil your experience.)
- Wading staff highly recommended.



\*Items may be rented through Yellowstone Forever for this program. Reservations are required and can be made by calling the contact center at 406.848.2400.

# **DETAILED EQUIPMENT LIST**

Weight: Without food and water, the base weight of your pack and gear should weigh approximately 25 to 30 pounds maximum, even for a 10-day trip. Hiking lightweight is not a new concept. Anyone who has hiked for an extended period of time knows the value of lightening the weight one carries. A lighter backpack helps propel you uphill, lessens the impact to your joints on the way down, and helps you enjoy the overall venture even more. Lighten the "BIG THREE": tent, sleeping bag, and backpack. These items usually rank as the heaviest one carries into the backcountry. Cutting down on these items saves pounds!

# **Equipment Quality**

Good-quality gear means a lot to both your comfort and safety in the field—but doesn't need to cost a fortune. The Yellowstone Forever Institute offers a rental program to our backpacking students that includes sleeping bags, men's and women's sized backpacks, 2- or 4-person tents, sleeping pads, and bear-resistant food storage canisters. Renting is a good way to field test gear before you make a purchase. Please call our contact center for more details regarding gear rentals and to reserve your gear. If you choose to buy your equipment, purchase the best you can afford and plan on many years of use. Discount and surplus stores can be a good source of synthetic or wool clothing, but don't rely on these places for tents, packs, sleeping bags or boots. For these essentials you'll need to visit a specialty shop with a trained sales staff. Even equipment from top manufacturers goes on sale in the off-season.

# Group Gear

Y C	ou may be asked to carry some of this gear:
	*Tents. Mountain Hardware Skyledge tents (sleeps two) are available to share with another participant in
	you like. Please rent and reserve in advance.
	Bear ropes. We provide 50-foot lengths for hanging food and cooking equipment at night. You need to
	provide a bag to contain your food. Please see the Cooking, Eating, and Drinking section below.
	Trowel. Our strategy for the disposal of solid human waste is to bury the waste in individual "cat holes."
	(We'll discuss this on the first day of the program.) Our group will share the "U-Dig-It" brand that is
	made of sturdy metal with a folding handle.
	Gravity water filter system that filters and holds 2 gallons.
	Water bucket to retrieve water.
Pe	rsonal Gear
Yo	ou need to provide the following equipment:
	*Tent. You may bring your own if you prefer or rent from us. Make certain it is complete, in good
	condition, and fully waterproof. Familiarize yourself with its setup and use.
	*Backpack. Either an internal or external frame model that fits well and is comfortable when fully

loaded. We recommend 5000 to 6000 cubic inches. Everything should fit inside the pack, not tied to the



	outside where it can be lost or damaged. Consider adding external side pockets to increase capacity and
	provide a place for hard-to-pack items.
	<b>Backpack rain cover.</b> Remember, backpacks are not waterproof. You should waterproof everything
	within the pack and/or use a cover of coated nylon. A heavy-duty trash bag works well as a liner to keep
_	the contents of your bag dry.
	*Sleeping bag. This is your ultimate insulating layer and final refuge when everything else is wet and
	cold. Yellowstone can, and does, receive snow during any month of the year. Choose a bag that's rated to
	at least 20 degrees. You can choose synthetic or down insulation; both are very warm for their weight. If
	you plan on using a down bag, be certain to keep it dry. Line your sleeping bag stuff sack with a heavy-
	duty trash bag to keep it dry or use a breathable, waterproof stuff sack.
	*Sleeping pad. A lightweight, closed-cell or inflating mattress provides comfort and, more importantly,
	insulates you from the ground.
	Headlamp. Remember to replace batteries before your trip and bring extra batteries and bulb.
	Bear spray. We strongly suggest you carry a canister of bear deterrent spray. While the chances of a
	confrontation with a bear are remote, it's important to be prepared for such an event. Pepper sprays are
	deemed the most effective, non-lethal response. Look for an aerosol spray designed specifically as a bear
	deterrent containing a minimum of 10 percent Capsicum, and having an effective range of at least 25 to
	30 feet. Carefully read all instructions and precautions and familiarize yourself with its use. Make sure it
	has an effective "safety" mechanism and a holster or similar means of securing it to the hip belt of your
	pack or other easily accessible location. Our instructors prefer the "Counter Assault" brand because of
	the holster. We'll address the topic of bear safety during the first day of the program. Airlines do not
	allow bear spray, so you'll need to purchase it upon arrival if you are flying. For your convenience, we
	have bear spray for sale at our Bozeman airport store Destination Yellowstone, or at REI.
	<b>Sunglasses.</b> Eye-damaging ultraviolet light is more intense at higher elevations. Sunglasses with 100
	percent UV protection are essential. A protective case and "Chums" or other eyewear retainer will protect
	your investment.
	<b>Sunscreen.</b> Bring plenty and use it liberally. We recommend unscented sunscreen if possible to reduce
	bear-attracting smells. See important bears and odorants information in the WILDLIFE section below.
	Toiletry Bag. For dental hygiene, a small, travel-size toothpaste or small container of baking soda is
	plenty. We suggest baking soda since it leaves less of an impact and is less of a bear attractant. Consider
	baby wipes/wet wipes.
	<b>Insect repellent.</b> Mosquitoes can be intense during the early season and common throughout the
	summer. Wearing extra clothes is one of the most effective ways to protect yourself from mosquito bites.
	Many people prefer this to using a chemical repellent. Rain jackets and pants work well for bug protection
	in camp but are hot and impractical while hiking. On the trail, lightweight, loose-fitting clothing or insect
	repellent is the best option. DEET is the standard ingredient in chemical insect repellent. The EPA and
	CDC have determined that DEET can be safe when used properly. The percentage of DEET in a
	formula affects the length of time it is effective. For example, five percent provides approximately an
	hour and a half of protection and 24 percent provides approximately five hours. Picaridin (KRB 3023) is
	another repellent recommended by EPA and CDC. Seek a repellant that has little to no smell. Cutter's
	makes a repellent without DEET or odor



	Hand Sanitizer. A small bottle of alcohol-based hand cleaner.
Cl	othing
	ing a series of layered garments that can be mixed and matched to suit the ever-changing conditions. Make
	tain outer layers fit comfortably over base layers. For light weight and the ability to insulate when wet,
	nthetics are best. Bring clothing made of nylon, polypropylene, fleece pile, or high-quality wool. In general,
brı	ng a layer to hike in; rain and wind protection; and up to three insulating layers, depending on the season.
Ш	<b>Long-sleeve nylon travel shirt.</b> These shirts are light, cool, and dry quickly, providing essential
	protection from the sun and insect bites. Loose-fitting clothing is best for bug protection. Some people prefer to wear a synthetic t-shirt underneath. A clean shirt for each day is not necessary and will only
	make your pack heavier. Wear the same clothes over again whenever possible.
	Light- or mid-weight underwear top. A long-sleeve top made of polypropylene, capilene or similar
_	fabric, for sleeping in or as the base layer of insulation.
	<b>Down or synthetic fill jacket.</b> A down coat may be adequate in late summer, but isn't suitable for the
	wet early season. All other insulating layers should fit under this one.
	Down or synthetic fill vest (optional). If you are taking a spring or fall program, or you know you get
	cold easily, consider adding this additional half layer.
	Rain/windproof jacket. A waterproof, breathable fabric such as Gore-Tex is recommended. Make
	certain it fits over everything else and keeps you dry. A poncho is not adequate.
Lo	wer-body layers: You will need shorts or pants to hike in, wind and rain layers and an insulating layer or
tw	
	<b>Nylon shorts or pants.</b> One pair is plenty. They should be sturdy, lightweight, and quick drying. Pants are highly recommended over shorts for sun and bug protection. Nylon pants with zip-off legs are convenient.
	<b>Underwear.</b> Many men seem to prefer hiking shorts with a built-in mesh liner. Women and men might
	want to consider synthetic fabrics being used in undergarments. It's best to avoid cotton; it gets wet, stays wet and can lead to chafing.
	Light- or mid-weight long underwear bottoms. Polypropylene or similar material. For sleeping or as a
	base insulating layer. For cold weather programs in May, early June or September, consider expedition-
	weight polypropylene.
	<b>Rain pants.</b> Choose coated waterproof nylon or a breathable fabric such as Gore-Tex. Consider side leg zippers or a style that allows you to remove the pants without removing your boots.
Ц	ead and hands:
	Sun hat or baseball cap. A wide brim is best for protection from the sun at higher altitudes.
	Synthetic or wool stocking cap. Use during cold mornings and evenings, and while sleeping at night.
	Mosquito head net. Fine mesh with a drawstring works best. You might not need it, but they weigh only
	a few grams and can make or break a trip if the mosquitoes are bad.
	Gloves or mittens. One pair is probably sufficient for cold mornings. Choose light wool or synthetic
	fabric.



# Footwear:

1 OOLW	Cai.
	Hiking boots. Volumes have been written about choosing and properly fitting boots. This may be your most significant equipment decision, as boot choice dictates the entire experience. For this trip you need sturdy boots designed for backpacking. Light hikers or cross-training shoes are not sufficient. Boots should have a lugged sole to provide traction. The soles should also be stiff enough to prevent rock bruises and stress fractures under a heavy pack. The uppers should be stiff enough to provide support and protect the foot from rocks. Finally, they must be comfortable to wear for hours on end. If your boots are new, wear them <b>often</b> before the program. If they have been properly fitted they will not need much breaking in, but wearing them should alert you to potential problems before your program.
	<b>Camp shoes/water shoes</b> . Consider lightweight tennis, running, or approach shoes. Not only does i
	feel great to get out of your boots at the end of the day, but lightweight shoes will reduce our impact on the soils and vegetation around camp. Tevas, Crocs, or other open-toed sandals work well, but leave your feet more susceptible to injuries. Keep in mind either your camp shoes or hiking boots must be worn for stream crossings as we do not allow barefoot crossings.
	<b>Socks</b> . Keep a pair packed in your sleeping bag so you'll always have a dry pair in reserve. Bring two to three pairs for hiking and wearing with your camp shoes. Choose wool or wool-synthetic blends.
	Sock liners (optional).
Cooki	ng, eating, and drinking:
	Stove. Plan on sharing with others. We recommend lightweight stoves such as the Jet Boil or MSR
	Pocket Rocket.
	<b>Cooking gear.</b> Bring only the essentials: a single pot, insulated plastic mug with lid, a single spoon, and bowl if needed.
	<b>Food storage bag.</b> Park regulations require all food and food preparation items be hung beyond the reach of bears whenever they are not being used or transported. Bring a lightweight, waterproof dry sack. It should be big enough to hold all your food and cooking gear. Lining it with a heavy-duty plastic trash bag will reduce odors and help keep your food dry, even if your bag is not waterproof. We supply the ropes.
	*Bear-resistant food storage canister. For backpacking trips that take place above tree-line (ie.
	Beartooths) a canister is the best way to store your food.
	Water bottles. Two 1-quart plastic bottles or a hydration system with a 2-quart capacity for staying
П	hydrated on the trail.  Water treatment. All water consumed in the backcountry needs to be treated. Our primary organism
	of concern is Giardia lamblia. Treatment can be accomplished by boiling water, treating it chemically, and/or filtering. Boiling water is impractical because it uses too much time and fuel. Iodine- or chlorine-dioxide-based treatments such as AquaMira or Katadyn are effective, simple, readily available and, perhaps most importantly, lightweight. Bring enough to treat at least 4 to 6 quarts of water per day per person. If you opt to use a filter, make sure it has a fresh cartridge designed to remove protozoa and bacteria. Be certain it is in good working order and that you know how to clean and repair it. The "Steri-pen" is another popular device that uses UVB rays to purify water. Water purifier



can be shared to reduce weight. We provide a group gravity water purifier for use at camp in the evenings.

Waste	disposal:
	<b>Toilet paper.</b> If using toilet paper you need to make provisions to pack out the soiled paper. Burning and/or burying the paper are not options. The easiest way to pack it out is to bring along a couple of zip-lock bags, double bag the used paper and transport it in a small nylon stuff sack or opaque plastic bag. The same approach should be used with tampons.
	<b>Garbage bags.</b> The plastic bags used to repackage your food can be reused to transport garbage and food scraps, but you might need one or two gallon-sized empties to get you started. We recommend bringing an opaque bag to hold and hide waste paper.
Other	Items:
	Wristwatch with an alarm. For early starts and staying organized as a group.
	Bandana (optional). One or two cotton bandanas for a variety of uses.
	Foot repair kit. Your instructors will be carrying first aid kits, but you may want a personal supply of band-aids, mole-skin, tape, etc. for blister prevention and treatment.
	Tampons and zip-lock plastic bags for waste.
	achy muscles. Scented muscle creams attract bears and should be left at home.
	Extra eye glasses.
Ц	Contact lenses and solutions.
Option	nal items to consider:
-	<b>Camera.</b> Think about how you will protect it from rough handling and the elements. Also, keep your total pack weight in mind.
	<b>Lightweight binoculars.</b> The Yellowstone Forever Institute will provide one or two spotting scopes for group use on wildlife programs.
	Notebook or journal.
	"Crazy Creek" chair. Or something similar (like a small foam pad) to sit on.
	Gaiters. These keep rocks, dirt, and mud out of your boots and are essential for May and June programs. Clean boots and socks dramatically decrease your chance of obtaining blisters. Gaiters also reduce our impact while hiking by allowing us to stay on the main through those wet and muddy sections. Tall gaiters provide added protection and double for winter use, but the short styles are cooler in the summer.
	Trekking poles or hiking staff.
_	
	e don't bring:
	<b>Cell phones.</b> It is unlikely you will get a signal. We have other provisions for emergency communications.
	Stereos or radios.



Perfumes, deodorants, or other scented items. (see important bears and odorants information in
the WIDLIFE section)
Large knives or hatchets.

#### **Food**

Participants supply their own food for the program. Food is an important part of any expedition and deserves careful planning. Beyond providing the fuel to propel you down the trail during the day and keep you warm at night, well-prepared meals mean the difference between being at home in the backcountry and just "toughing it out" until you get to a good restaurant in town. The ability to create nutritious, tasty dishes under any condition is a sure sign of an experienced traveler. Outdoor stores offer easy-to-prepare dehydrated meals. These meals can be expensive, but are lightweight and easy to prepare and clean up. Consider combining prepared dehydrated foods with fresh food from the grocery store for well-balanced, moderately priced meals.

Key points to keep in mind about food:

Keep preparation and cleaning simple. Try for one-pot meals.
Anticipate a big appetite. Depending upon your metabolism you can easily burn 3000 to 5000
calories a day hiking at elevation. If we experience cold weather your caloric needs may increase.
This is not the time to "drop a few pounds." The low-fat diet we strive for at home might not cut it
here. Ensure you're getting the right kinds of fats and that you've got a proper ratio of fats, proteins
and carbohydrates. Think of food as fuel.
You may want to consider taste testing meals and various brands beforehand.
Avoid meals that are messy or time-consuming to prepare.
Avoid foods with strong odors that might attract animals.
Pick ingredients that will carry and keep well, but don't rule out fresh foods: tortillas, bagels, some
fruits, carrots, onion, garlic and most cheeses do just fine for the few days we will be out.
Consider weight. Food can be a big part of your overall pack weight.

## **Backpacking Ethics**

Visitors exploring Yellowstone's backcountry have a special obligation to tread as lightly as possible. These seldom-visited portions of the park are fragile and can be easily impacted by even well-intentioned travelers. All Yellowstone Forever Institute backpacking programs emphasize minimum-impact wilderness camping and travel skills and encourage awareness of the effects we may be having on the ecosystem.

To guide our behavior during the program, we teach and practice the principles of the national Leave No Trace (LNT) program. Leave No Trace, Inc., is a nonprofit organization dedicated to promoting and inspiring outdoor recreation through education, research, and partnerships with federal land management agencies, outdoor schools and equipment manufacturers. The LNT ethics practiced during our program are expressed in seven principles:

Plan Ahead And Prepare Travel And Camp On Durable Surface



Dispose Of Waster Properly

Leave What You Find

Minimize Campfire Impact

Respect Wildlife

Be Considerate Of Other Visitors

Detailed information about each of these principles can be found on the LNT website: 
http://www.lnt.org/programs/principles.php

#### Wildlife

Respect for wildlife is especially important here in Yellowstone. Our Yellowstone Forever Institute backpacking instructors take every precaution to ensure our behaviors do not adversely affect any animals we might encounter. We accomplish this by several means: chief among them, simply by keeping our distance. We invite you to bring binoculars, spotting scopes, and telephoto lenses to assist in observation and photography. The Yellowstone Forever Institute provides one or two spotting scopes for group use.

The Yellowstone Forever Institute also emphasizes bear safety. The precautions we take are designed to protect both the bear and the backpacker. During our backpacking orientation, and throughout the program, we address situations to avoid and precautions to take both on the trail and in camp.

A critical aspect of bear safety means **keeping odorants from attracting bears**. Bears perceive the world through their noses and have a remarkable ability to track odors to their source. Most people understand that it's important to hang food and odorants while in bear country, but not everyone understands what constitutes an odorant. Anything that has fats or oils in it – like sun screen or a topical first aid ointment – is an odorant that cannot be applied late in the day and must be hung along with food. Medicines not needed during the night need to hang also, as do water bottles that have had flavoring in them

# Suggested reading

Most of these titles are available through the Yellowstone Forever Park Store, where proceeds will be directed toward park projects and where Yellowstone Forever supporters can receive a discount. You can visit our bookstore at <a href="https://www.Shop.Yellowstone.org/">www.Shop.Yellowstone.org/</a> or in locations throughout the park.

- Wilderness Skills: Soft Paths. Hampton, Bruce. 1995. Stackpole.
- Outdoor Leadership School's Wilderness Guide. Harvey, Mark. 1999. Fireside.
- Mammals of the Rocky Mountains. Fisher, Chris; Don Patti and Tamara Hartson. 2000. Lone Pine.
- The Sibley Guide to Birds of Western North America. Sibley, David Alan. 2003
- Central Rocky Mountain Wildflowers. Phillips, H. Wayne. 1999. Falcon.
- Scats and Tracks of the Rocky Mountains. Halfpenny, James C. 1998. Falcon.
- Plants of the Rocky Mountains. Kershaw, Mackinnon, and Pojar. 1998. Lone Pine.



- Searching for Yellowstone: Ecology and Wonder in the Last Wilderness. Schullery, Paul. 1997. Diane Publishing
  Co.
- Lost In My Own Backyard. Cahill, Tim. 2004. Crown Journeys.
- Yellowstone Trails: A Hiking Guide. Marschall, Mark. 2008. Yellowstone Forever. Hiking Yellowstone National Park. Schneider, Bill. 1997. Falcon.
- Anderson, Sheridan. The Curtis Creek Manifesto: A Fully Illustrated Guide to the Strategy, Finesse, Tactics and paraphernalia of Fly Fishing. Frank Amato, Pub.1978
- Schweber, Nate. Fly Fishing Yellowstone National Park: An Insiders Guide to the 50 Best Places. Headwater Books (Available from YA Bookstore). 2012
- Parks, Richard. Fishing Yellowstone National Park (Available from Yellowstone Forever Park Stores). The Lyons Press. 2007
- Harvey, Steve. (Yes, your guide and instructor) *Casting the Fly.* 2017 (Available at www.castingthefly.com)

#### Park Stores

Our Park Stores feature more than 900 books, maps, and videos to help you plan your visit, along with a wide selection of shirts, hats, and other logo items to remind you of your visit to Yellowstone. Yellowstone Forever supporters receive a 15 percent discount on merchandise online or at any of our 11 locations in and around Yellowstone. Proceeds directly support Yellowstone. Visit: <a href="Shop-Yellowstone.org">Shop-Yellowstone.org</a>

#### Supporter Program

Yellowstone Forever Supporters directly fund priority park programs and projects. Supporters also provide scholarships for teachers and help expand programming for underserved youth. Benefits include a subscription to our magazine *Yellowstone Quarterly*, early registration and discounts for Yellowstone Forever Institute programs, and discounts on retail purchases throughout Yellowstone (exclusions apply). If you are not yet a supporter of Yellowstone Forever, an introductory subscription (one year) to our magazine *Yellowstone Quarterly* is included with your tuition. For more information, visit: <u>Yellowstone.org/donate</u>

#### Code of Ethics

The Yellowstone Forever Institute is committed to demonstrating a high standard of appropriate and ethical behavior in Yellowstone. As a participant in a Yellowstone Forever Institute program, we ask you to adhere to the following Code of Ethics. In addition to the ethics highlighted below, the Institute abides by all National Park Service rules and regulations. We also practice Leave No Trace guidelines for traveling responsibly in the wilderness.

**Observing wildlife:** We will do our best to have as little impact on wildlife as possible. Animals will be observed from a distance, using high-powered spotting scopes to help keep our presence from affecting their behavior. Participants should not expect to get close-up photographs of wildlife. The Yellowstone Forever Institute will adhere to National Park Service regulations by keeping a minimum distance of 25 yards from bison, elk, bighorn sheep, deer, moose, coyotes and nesting birds and 100



yards from bears and wolves. We will not entice wildlife with food, animal calls or any actions that change their behavior.

Leave what you find: It is illegal to remove natural or cultural artifacts (plants, animals, bones, rocks, etc.) from Yellowstone. Yellowstone Forever Institute instructors have permission from the National Park Service to manipulate plants, rocks, bones, etc. for educational purposes and will return them to their natural positions and locations.

General etiquette: Yellowstone Forever Institute groups will be considerate of other visitors and respect the quality of their experience. Voices and vehicle sounds carry great distances and affect both wildlife and people—remaining silent or very quiet while watching wildlife lets the sounds of Yellowstone (including wolf howls) prevail.

**Roads and vehicles:** Expect wildlife on the road, and drive at or below the posted park speed limits. When stopping to observe wildlife or other park features, the Yellowstone Forever Institute will move vehicles entirely off the road. If there is no safe pullout available, we will drive to the next safe place and walk back to observe the wildlife. We will not stop in the middle of the road, and should a traffic jam develop as a result of our activities, we will cease the activity.

**Properly dispose of waste:** We will pack out all trash, leftover food and litter. Your instructor will discuss techniques for properly disposing of human waste in the field.

**Traveling lightly:** When hiking or walking in Yellowstone, we will use existing trails and boardwalks. We will follow appropriate techniques when walking off-trail. Walking around muddy or wet places in the trail increases erosion and negatively affects the resource; proper equipment is essential to hiking ethically. Participants should come adequately prepared with the equipment listed for their course and should expect to walk through mud, snow or puddles in the trail.

Thank you for helping us set a good example in Yellowstone!

# Field Seminar Cancellation and Refund Policy

If you cancel within seven calendar days of your registration date, your payment is refundable less a \$50 per person per course processing fee. Under most circumstances, if you cancel on the eighth calendar day or after, from the date of registration, 100% of registration payments will be forfeited. If lodging is cancelled after the eighth calendar day from the date of registration, 100% of lodging payments will be forfeited. Applicable taxes will be refunded in the event of program or lodging cancellations. We reserve the right to cancel a course up to 30 days before the first class day. If we cancel, you will receive a full refund of your payment. We urge you to take out accident, baggage, and trip cancellation insurance through a travel agent or website such as <u>TravelGuard.com</u>. Travel insurance can help protect you against financial loss if you must cancel or interrupt your trip.

# YELLOWSTONE FOREVER

#### Yellowstone Map YELLOWSTONE FOREVER NORTH ENTRANCE To Bozeman, MT Yellowstone Forever Offices Gardiner, MT To Livingston, MT MONTANA 52mi/84km Yellowstone Overlook NORTHEAST ENTRANCE Mammoth Hot Springs 90 mi/144 km Pebble Creek To Billings, MT Slough Creek 125 mi/200 km Roosevelt To Cody, WY Indian Creek 68 ml/109 km Lamar Buffalo Ranch NORRIS CANYON WEST ENTRANCE MADISON West Yellowstone, MT FISHING BRIDGE 100 mi/160 km Bridge Bay EAST ENTRANCE OLD FAITHFUL To Cody, WY Yellowstone Art & WEST THUMB 53 mi/85 km **Photography Center** GRANT VILLAGE SOUTH ENTRANCE WYOMING POINT TO POINT DISTANCE To Jackson, WY North Entrance to Mammoth Hot Springs 5 mi/8 km Mammoth Hot Springs to Norris 21 mi/34 km **FOREVER** Norris to Madison 14 mi/23 km **ELEVATIONS** feet/meters Madison to West Entrance 14 mi/23 km North Entrance 5314/1620 Madison to Old Faithful 16 mi/26 km Old Faithful to West Thumb 17 mi/27 km West Entrance West Thumb to South Entrance 22 mi/35 km South Entrance YF FACILITIES West Thumb to Bridge Bay 21 mi/34 km East Entrance 6951/2119 Fishing Bridge to East Entrance 27 mi/43 km Mammoth Hot Springs 6239/1902 **ENTRANCE GATES** Fishing Bridge to Canyon Old Faithful **7365/2254** 16 mi/26 km 00 COMMON POINTS OF INTEREST 19 mi/31 km Grant Village 7733/2357 Canyon to Tower Falls

Lake 7784/2373

Roosevelt 6270/1911

Canyon

7734/2357

1 mile (mi) = 1.609344 kilometers (km)

29 mi/47 km

18 mi/29 km

Roosevelt to Northeast Entrance

Roosevelt to Mammoth Hot Springs



# YELLOWSTONE OVERLOOK FIELD CAMPUS INFORMATION

#### **Directions:**

From Livingston, travel south on Highway 89 into Gardiner, Montana. Just before you cross the Yellowstone River, you will see the Conoco gas station on your right and 4th Street on your left. Turn left on 4th Street (you'll see a green sign indicating 5 miles to Jardine) and go up the hill for 1.5 miles. Turn right on Above the Rest Lane at the sign for the Yellowstone Overlook Field Campus (by the mountain man carving) and follow the signs to the cabins.

From Yellowstone, leave the park through the North Entrance and go through the Roosevelt Arch. Turn left on Highway 89 towards Livingston. Cross the bridge over the Yellowstone River. You will see the Conoco gas station on your left and 4th Street on your right. Turn right on 4th Street (you'll see a green sign indicating 5 miles to Jardine) and go up the hill for 1.5 miles. Turn right on Above the Rest Lane at the sign for the Yellowstone Overlook Field Campus (by the mountain man carving) and follow the signs to the cabins.

#### What to bring:

Each cabin includes a fully equipped kitchen for you to prepare meals. You will need to bring your own food and toiletries. Groceries are available nearby in Gardiner. Linens and towels are provided. Smoking is not allowed in the cabins. Camping and pets (with the exception of service animals) are not permitted.

#### Arrival and departure:

Our volunteer campus host will be available to greet you between 4:00 and 8:00 p.m. on the day of your arrival. Check out is by 9:00 a.m. the day of your departure to allow our volunteers to begin preparing the cabins for the next group. Parking is available in front of your cabin. Please do not store food in your vehicle as it can attract animals.

If you are visiting during the winter we recommend an all-wheel- or 4-wheel-drive vehicle as roads can be snow-packed and icy. Feel free to call our office at 406.848.2400 Monday through Friday from 8:00 a.m. to 4:30 p.m. to check the local weather and road conditions.

#### During your stay:

Our volunteer caretakers live on-campus in the cabin with the "Welcome" sign. They will help orient you to the Overlook campus. An emergency phone is available all hours outside their cabin. We do not have a housekeeping staff at the Overlook. Quiet hours are observed between 10:00 p.m. and 6:00 a.m.

Verizon is the only cell phone provider currently providing reliable coverage at the campus. In the event of an emergency during your stay, the caretaker's cabin phone number is: 406.848.9128. Wireless Internet is available in the cabins and at several businesses in Gardiner.

The campus has a picnic table and pond. A marked, 1-mile-long trail leads down to the Yellowstone River. Wildlife is abundant. You may see bison, wolves, elk and deer. You may also see rattlesnakes. Please exercise caution, and notify someone of your plans if you will be away from the campus alone. Each cabin has a TV/DVD player and an educational library with books and videos. The Overlook is designed to be a comfortable and peaceful base from which to explore and learn in America's first national park. We look forward to your visit!